

CUBAN CONGRESS CONVENES.

WILL HAVE NO LEGISLATIVE POWER UNTIL MAY 20.

Only to Pass Upon Credentials Now and Report to Military Governor—Some Opposition to Form of Gen. Wood's Speech—Answer Expressed Gratitude.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
Havana, May 5.—Upon the invitation of Governor General Wood, the members of the new Congress assembled at the palace today, this being the date upon which they were called to assemble for the first time for the examination of credentials. Gen. Wood made the following speech:

"I have the honor, in the name of the President of the United States and as Military Governor of Cuba, to welcome you and to most earnestly wish you every success in the great work upon which you are soon to enter. You have been convened solely for the purpose expressed in paragraph 2 of Order 101, dated Havana, April 14, 1902, and no legislative power will be vested in the Congress until after the formal transfer of the Government to the Government-elect, which transfer will take place at noon, May 20.

You are requested to notify me officially as to the names of the possible date who have been elected President and Vice-President of Cuba and who have been elected Senators and Representatives, in order that I may transmit this information to the President of the United States. It is important that this action be taken without delay in order that the President may be officially informed as to the personnel of the Government-elect, he wishing to inform the nations of the world when a Government is established in Cuba, upon the completion of this duty, the Congress will adjourn to meet at noon, May 20, 1902."

Senor Capote replied in the name of himself and his companions. He asked Gen. Wood as the Military Governor to inform President Roosevelt and the people of the United States of the Cubans' gratitude for the fulfillment of their desires and aspirations to be an independent people.

"It is our greatest desire," he added, "to fulfill the mission which the Cuban Constitution entrusts us with."

The Senate and House then adjourned, the former to the palace of the Segundo Cabo, over which the Cuban flag was flying, and the former to the old naval palace. In the Senate Senor Cisneros was appointed Acting President and Senor Silveira, Secretary, they being respectively, the oldest and youngest members. The rules of the constitutional Convention were adopted. Senor Noya proposed to send a telegram to President-elect Palma in the name of the Senate of Cuba. This was rejected on the ground that the Senate was not yet constituted. A committee on credentials was appointed, and will report on Wednesday. The Senate then adjourned.

The House had a longer session. Some debate ensued regarding Gen. Wood's address, which had been sent to the Congress after its delivery in the form of a communication. One representative objected to the form of the communication, which he described as an attempt to dictate to the Cuban Congress as to the time in which credentials should be examined, which showed bad faith.

Senor Villanueva urged in reply that the House get down to business. The rooms in which the Houses met are long and narrow and are not well adapted to parliamentary purposes. The meetings excited little public interest. There were no crowds in the streets, but both chambers were well filled with listeners to the proceedings.

CHINESE ATTACK JESUITS.

Rebels said to have surrounded their headquarters at Hienhsien.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Peking, May 5.—An unconfirmed report has reached here that rebels have surrounded and fired upon the Jesuit headquarters at Hienhsien, one of the largest in China.

The Throne has ordered Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai to see that the French priest who was murdered recently by rebels has a suitable burial. The priest's head was carried a hundred miles south of the place, where he was killed.

The Board of Foreign Affairs acknowledges the existence of the revolt.

Consul Kahn, representing the French legation, had an interview yesterday with Yuan Shih Kai at Pao-ting-fu. The Viceroy stated that the conditions in the disturbed districts are serious, and that more men had revolted than had been reported. He urged Mr. Kahn not to depart for Cheng-tung without an escort of troops. Mr. Kahn's mission to Cheng-tung-fu is to investigate the murder of the French priest.

Prince Ching, one of the military governors of Peking, who holds other high offices, has asked for ten days' leave of absence.

Two of the De Wets Sentenced.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
London, May 5.—A despatch from Allwal North, Cape Colony, says the Treason Court in session there has sentenced David De Wet to pay a fine of £500 or serve a year's imprisonment. Pieter De Wet was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of £1,000 or serve two years in prison. A previous telegram declared that Pieter De Wet had been acquitted.

Prinsloo Escapes From the Boers.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
London, May 5.—A despatch from Pretoria says that ex-Commandant Prinsloo, who surrendered to the British and was afterward captured by the Boers, has escaped. He arrived at Brakfontein yesterday.

French Delegation Sails.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
Paris, May 5.—Vice-Admiral Fourrier and the other members of the naval delegation that is going to Washington to participate in the ceremony of unveiling the statue to Marshal de Rochemoreau on May 24, sailed from Toulon today on the steamship Gaulois.

Our Thanks to King of Italy.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
Rome, May 5.—Ambassador Meyer had an audience with the King today. He thanked his Majesty for pardoning the officers of the American cruiser Chicago, who were arrested in Venice.

British Reduce Chinese Garrison.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
Hankow, May 5.—The British Indian garrison in Northern China is to be reduced to 2,000 men. This will include the legation guards, but not the troops at Shanghai.

The Ship on the Ice Travels.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
St. Petersburg, May 5.—The ship of Berlin has arrived at Astara on the Russian-Persian frontier.

John Matthews Dead.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
London, May 5.—John Matthews, the English Quaker author of *Bellows' French Dictionary*, died at Gloucester today.

BERESFORD STANDS BY IT.

Ready to Accept Punishment for His Criticism of the Admiralty.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

London, May 5.—In the House of Commons, this afternoon, Mr. Arnold-Forster, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, said he had nothing to add in regard to the letter published by Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, now Conservative member for Woolwich, attacking the Admiralty for certain deficiencies.

Lord Charles Beresford thereupon arose and said that as the matter affected his own character he thought it was due to the service he represented that he should state the facts. He admitted that he wrote a letter which he should not have done under the Admiralty regulations. He was responsible to the authorities, but they had never asked him for an explanation. If they had done so he would have told the truth and respectfully submitted to any reprimand or punishment. He alone was responsible for the letter. There was nothing in it that was not a matter of public notoriety. The matter was now in the hands of the constituted authorities, and he was prepared to receive with respectful submission any punishment they might choose to award.

COLOMBIAN REBELS ACTIVE.

Evidently Preparing for an Attack on Colon or Panama.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Colon, Colombia, via Kingston, Jamaica, May 5.—News received here from the centre of the republic shows that affairs are very unsettled. The garrisons at Cartagena and Barranquilla are inadequate. Several Government steamers are at Magdalena waiting detachments of soldiers which they are to bring to the coast.

The Government lost in the battle of Panto Pena last Sunday over 300 men. As a result of this fight the insurgents have entrenched themselves in a favorable position which they have retained. Fifteen hundred insurgents have landed this week at Chorrera and an attack is expected on Colon and Panama in a few days. The garrison at Colon has been increased to 1,000 men of all arms.

An arrangement has been made between the American cruiser Philadelphia and the gunboat Machias to land marines at an opportune moment. Much anxiety is felt as to the situation.

DENIES BRITISH VICTORY.

German Chancellor Introduces New Bill and Explains Sugar Situation.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Berlin, May 5.—The Reichstag today began its consideration of a bill providing for changes in the sugar regime in accordance with the Brussels convention.

Chancellor von Bulow, in introducing the bill, especially combatted the idea that the proceedings at Brussels had concluded in a triumph for Great Britain.

Germany, he said, had entered the conference, not through deference to foreign countries and least of all to Great Britain, but owing to the risk of losing the English market without gaining others. He asked the House to agree to the bill in the interests of the sugar industry.

GERMANS WATCH FOR SILVA.

Anarchist Has Left Paterson for the Kaiser's Country.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Berlin, May 5.—The Kaiser is watching for the arrival of Giovanni Silva, a friend of Luigi Luccheni, the anarchist who murdered the Empress of Austria. Silva was arrested for complicity in that assassination, but was released because there was not sufficient evidence against him.

He then went to the United States, where he spent the principal part of his time in Paterson, N. J. Recently the New York police notified the Berlin authorities that he had started for Germany.

THREATENING IN PORTUGAL.

Opposition to Settlement with Foreign Creditors More Serious.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Lisbon, May 5.—The newspapers here state that the agitation in Portugal against the Government's agreement with its foreign creditors is more serious. The censor will not allow the details to be telegraphed.

Letters assert that troubles may occur when the creditors begin to exercise their rights over the customs in accordance with the agreement. The proposed demonstration of army and navy officers against the Government has not occurred.

CONTROL WEST AFRICA TRADE.

American Financier Proposes a Combine to English Merchants.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Liverpool, May 5.—It is stated here that an American financier has been making approaches to the Manchester West African merchants with a view to forming a combination for trade interests. Should the propositions be favorably entertained Liverpool houses will be approached on the same subject. The scheme will probably be of benefit to the Manchester Ship Canal, and for this reason will find favor.

PRISONERS OF MESELEK.

Word Received From Italian Troops Who Were Thought Dead.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Rome, May 5.—A trooper writes from Abyssinia that he and twenty other Italians are still prisoners of the Negus Menelik. It was supposed that these men were killed at the battle of Adowa in 1896.

30,000 NORWEGIANS COMING.

That Number of Emigrants Expected to Sail for This Country.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Christiania, May 5.—Thirty thousand emigrants are expected to sail for the United States during the season of 1902.

How Ends German Convention.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Vierona, May 5.—The fifth congress of the German People's Party today was broken up by the followers of the Pan-Germans. Herr Wolf was just beginning a speech when the Schomannites threw pieces of sugar at him, and a free fight ensued. The police thereupon cleared the hall.

German Deputy Killed in a Week.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Leipzig, May 5.—There was a railway accident this morning at Zschopau. An angle on the tender of a locomotive broke, and an express train ran off the track. Two persons were killed. Four were seriously injured. The train was carrying a member of the Reichstag, who was one of the killed.

Major Black's Revenge on Newspapers.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

McKenzie, Pa., May 5.—Major Black refuses to give news to the local papers. He says they are afraid to publish what he says because the Steel Trust owns them. The Mayor is blamed with causing the Trust Works Company to decide not to engage the mill here.

MOROS ATTACK THE GUARDS.

RUSH TO ESCAPE AND THIRTY-FOUR ARE KILLED.

Men Who Surrendered After the Bayan Fight Renew Hostilities—Gen. Chaffee Reports Our Losses—Lieut. Vickers, Who Was Killed, Rose From the Banks.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Manila, May 5, 5:40 P. M.—Col. Baldwin reports that the eighty-four Moros who surrendered to the Americans after the battle at Bayan attempted to escape to-day. They made a furious attack on the American guards.

Thirty-four of the Moros were killed and nine were wounded. The remainder succeeded in making their escape.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Major-General Corbin, the Adjutant-General of the army, received to-night from Major-General Chaffee at Manila the following telegraphic report of the casualties sustained by the American forces in attacking the stronghold of the Moros at Bayan, Island of Mindanao, on May 2:

Killed—First Lieut. Thomas A. Vickers, Twenty-seventh U. S. Infantry; Privates James J. McGrath, Company C; William Langdon, Company G; Alfred C. Calahan, Frederick Corbell, and Corporal Michael J. O'Brien, all of the Twenty-seventh U. S. Infantry. Wounded in thigh, serious, Capt. James Moore, wounded in head, serious, Second Lieut. Albert L. Jessman, lung, severe; First Lieut. Henry S. Wagner, leg, and shoulder, in abdomen, serious; Lieut. Wheaton, Company F, serious; wounded in thigh, serious; Sergeant L. M. McGee, serious; wounded in thigh, serious; Corporal Henry G. Millington, moderately; Frank A. Perry, lung, severe; Cook John Brady, shoulder, serious; Arthur Smith, lung, severe; Walter F. Cannons, arm, severe; Everett E. Marshall, Company E, leg, severe; Charles J. O'Brien, wounded in leg above knee, moderate; Floyd Groff, wounded in leg above knee, moderate; M. Quinn, ankle, severe; Robert McCormack, severely; Edward W. Blair, Company H, leg, and wounded in arm of O'Brien, shoulder, and wounded in thigh, serious; Quartermaster-Sergeant George J. Becker, Company E, leg, severe; William Brown, wounded in leg above knee, serious; George Greener, Company G, wounded in leg above knee, serious; John Sullivan, wounded in hand, slight; William H. Winn, wounded in arm, moderate; Joseph Adams, face, slight; Battalion Sergeant-Major Albert H. Ingham, severe; Otto P. Acker, wounded in hand, moderate; Claude Daman, wounded in leg above knee, moderate; Walter L. Little, wounded in leg above knee, moderate; James P. Smith, wounded in back, slight; Fred Cross, wounded in head, moderate; Bernard Viola, wounded in head, serious; John Daley, wounded in arm, serious; Peter Sullivan, Company B, wounded in leg above knee, serious; Joseph Lyons, wounded in shoulder, serious; James J. Haley, mortally wounded; Peter Dwyer, wounded in leg above knee, slight, and six other enlisted men wounded, names not verified.

Later news: Brig.-Gen. George W. Davis says Lieut. Wagner's stomach may not be penetrated and Capt. Moore's wound, a bullet scarring scalp, perhaps making trepanning necessary, entirely rational.

Lieut. Thomas A. Vickers, killed, rose from the ranks to a commissioned grade. He was born in Canada. He enlisted in the 4th Regt. in 1882, and was assigned to the Twenty-first Infantry and served in that regiment as private, corporal, sergeant and quartermaster sergeant until April, 1899, when he was promoted to second lieutenant. He saw service as a non-commissioned officer of Company A of the Twenty-first in the Santiago campaign. On receiving his commission he was assigned to his old regiment, and was a lieutenant in the ranks to sergeants other with whom they saw service as enlisted men, to prevent contact with comrades with whom they were familiar in the ranks. He was promoted to lieutenant last year and was assigned to the newly organized Twenty-seventh Infantry, which was only recently activated at Manila. Lieut. Vickers, however, had been on duty with the Twenty-first in the islands.

OUR COAL IN SWITZERLAND.

Americans Seize the Market That Germany and England Had.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

London, May 5.—A despatch to the Chronicle from Geneva, Switzerland, says that the first consignment of American coal will arrive there about the middle of May.

In the past Switzerland has obtained her coal from Germany. In 1901 the German collieries formed a trust and raised prices two shillings a ton. A Liverpool collier forwarded coal, which was sold at a shilling cheaper than the German product, causing large orders to be placed in England.

These orders were badly executed, and the Americans seized the opportunity. They erected sheds at Rouen and Havre, France, for stocking purposes, and now practically monopolize the Swiss market.

Queen Alexandra Sees "Ben-Hur."

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

London, May 5.—Queen Alexandra and Prince and Princess of Wales, who visited the Drury Lane Theatre and witnessed "Ben-Hur" from the royal box in the pit, which was especially constructed on the occasion of the King's visit to the theatre a short time ago, in order to give his Majesty a good view of the chorist rae. The royal party remained throughout the performance.

ANOTHER MARY FISHER HOME.

Gift of a Building by the Widow of Dr. Alexander J. C. Skene.

Through the generosity of Mrs. Skene, the widow of the late Dr. Alexander J. C. Skene, Brooklyn is to have a Mary Fisher Home. Mrs. Skene has announced her purpose to donate to the Mary Fisher Association the fine building at 759 Broadway street, on the Park Slope, which was long used by her husband as a sanitarium. There is a mortgage on the property, which is valued at nearly \$100,000, but it is expected that means will soon be found to liberate it. Like the other Fisher homes, the Brooklyn institution will furnish a home for writers, artists, teachers and representatives of the professions, who are in poor circumstances. Mrs. Skene is also to endow a room in memory of her husband, which is always to be occupied by a physician in need.

HERLBY CAN'T SEE MINUTES.

Police Captain's Trial for Neglect of Duty Will Now Be Rushed.

Judge Nowherger denied yesterday the motion in behalf of Police Capt. Herlby to postpone the minutes of the Grand Jury which indicted him for permitting the existence of 100 disorderly houses in the Madison street precinct while he was in command. Herlby is charged on this morning's report of duty to be in default of the indictment and his trial will now be rushed.

We May Draw Water From Suffolk County.

Corporation Contends Rivers Made Public Yesterday the Opinion Is Sent to Saturday to Committee on Legality of the Issue.

Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. An angle on the tender of a locomotive broke, and an express train ran off the track. Two persons were killed. Four were seriously injured. The train was carrying a member of the Reichstag, who was one of the killed.

Found Drowned in Kenosha Reservoir.

The body of a middle-aged, well-dressed man was found yesterday in the upper part of the Kenosha reservoir, from which the Bronx draws a large part of its water supply. He had been in the water several weeks. The clothing was of good quality but badly torn. Nobody in that vicinity has been reported missing. Coroner Russell of Tarrytown will hold an inquest today.

Magistrate Ordered to Suspend Sessions.

Magistrate Willard H. Olmsted, Judge of the Children's Court, is sitting this morning as Associate Justice at Special Sessions.

He Took His Seat Yesterday.

He took his seat yesterday.

NONE HELD FOR MODEL'S DEATH.

Conhalm, Asher and Dr. McCreery Discharged by Coroner.

A Coroner's jury decided yesterday that Hattie Laroque, the cloak model who died in the New York Hospital on April 25, came to her death by blood poisoning following a criminal operation induced by some person or persons unknown.

The Coroner then discharged Dr. Mary J. McCreery, Abraham Conhalm and Leo Asher, who had been arrested and admitted to bail pending the inquest.

The Coroner's court was crowded with persons anxious to hear the testimony in the case. Among the first to arrive was Leon Laroque, the father of the dead girl. He was accompanied by his two sons, Leon and John. They took seats far back in the courtroom.

Coroner Scholer said in effect: He had seen the Laroque girl at the hospital on April 22, 23 and 24. She told him that she had been wronged by Abe Conhalm and Leo Asher and Dr. McCreery had treated her. She said she did not know whether instruments were used. She said that she was not married, but Asher had promised to marry her and that Asher had sent her to Dr. McCreery.

The Coroner said he did not succeed in getting her ante-mortem statement.

Coroner's Physician Weston testified that the woman's death, in his opinion, was due to a criminal operation, but the girl might have caused the injuries herself.

Miss Carrie Blount testified that Mr. Asher had a hall room at her house in the house in Eleventh street, and she often saw Miss Laroque go into his room during the daytime. She never saw Mr. Asher go into the room.

Bernard Meyers, a messenger boy, testified that he had carried a note from Asher to Miss Laroque when the latter was in the hospital. He said he saw the note, which was told at the house that she was not known there, and he carried the note back to Asher.

Dr. McCreery took the stand voluntarily and told about the girl coming to her house and going from there to the hospital.

Lawyer Weeks, for Conhalm and Asher, made a motion that the jury be instructed not to consider the statements of Miss Laroque, as they were not legal evidence.

Mr. Asher, for Dr. McCreery, made a similar motion, saying that the young woman had in no way implicated his client.

The Coroner granted both motions. He charged the jury, saying that they could safely find the girl died from the results of a criminal operation.

Assistant District Attorney Studden said, "I have asked you to tell me that the evidence against Dr. McCreery, Conhalm and Asher is very weak."

The jury was out but a short time.

LOST \$9,000 IN POOL ROOMS; SUED.

Verdict for \$125—Downey, Poolroom Man, Says He Lost Hundreds of Thousands.

Arthur W. Jackson obtained yesterday from a jury before Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court a verdict against Patrick H. Downey for \$125 as money lost in pools on horses.

Downey said he lost about \$9,000 in two poolrooms alleged to have been run by the defendant, from December, 1898, to May, 1899. The poolrooms, he said, were at 28 and 88 East Thirtieth street. Plaintiff said that about \$4,000 of his losses were out-lawed and he sued for \$5,000.

Downey said he could not recall the plaintiff until the suit was brought, and then he remembered that he had seen him about one of the poolrooms. Downey said he had given up the poolroom business in this city, in which he lost several hundred thousand dollars. Checks for bets amounting to \$10,000 were cashed by him, he said. He admitted that Jackson had bet sums of \$2 or \$3 to the amount of about \$60.

IS SHE MARGARET TAYLOR?

Child Kidnaped Four Years Ago Said to Be in Albany.

CINCINNATI, May 5.—News has been received in this city of the discovery of a little girl in an Albany, N. Y., orphan asylum who answers the description of the kidnaped Margaret Taylor. Detectives who have been working on the case for four years, accompanied by the father, Charles E. Taylor, of Cincinnati, left this morning to claim the child if she proves to be the one sought.

Margaret Taylor was four years old when her grandmother, Frances L. Taylor, called at her son's home in Newport, Ky., on Aug. 3, 1898, and asked to take the child to her residence in Cincinnati, a suburb of Cincinnati, for a visit. Since then the parents have not seen Margaret. An aunt, Clara Taylor, took her from the grandmother's care, and she has since been in the hands of a family in Cincinnati. The grandmother and an aunt of Margaret, Frances L. Taylor, recently were indicted, tried and sentenced to the Ohio Penitentiary for kidnaping.

KICKED, WOMAN SAYS.

At Bellevue It Could Not Be Found That She Was Injured.

Mary Ann White, a middle-aged woman, made a complaint at the Mercer street station last night that she had been kicked in the abdomen by Edward Kern of 169 Blooming street.

She was taken to Bellevue Hospital where an examination showed that she was not injured. The police were notified that Dr. Lusk had regular, being kept somewhere by the District Attorney.

M. W. Kirk of Chicago Sues for Divorce.

CHICAGO, May 5.—The report was made public to-day that Milton W. Kirk had sued his wife for divorce after being parted from her for about nine years. Mr. Kirk makes no accusation against his wife, except desertion. Both Mr. and Mrs. Kirk are wealthy and move in exclusive social circles.

The Weather.

Unsettled and rainy conditions prevailed yesterday in the drought-stricken districts of the West and Southwest. The drought in some districts may be considered broken. The rainfall was quite general in Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, the Dakotas, Nebraska, Colorado, northern Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas. The fall was heavy, and over an inch in Iowa, Missouri and Oklahoma, and nearly an inch in northern Texas. The conditions were quite favorable for more rain in most of these States, especially the Southwest, where an area of low pressure was coming in from the Gulf of California.

QUIT THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

Prof. Lloyd's Analysis of the Scriptures Not Approved.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—Prof. Thys R. Lloyd of the chair of Greek in Oakland Theological Seminary has resigned and will leave for the East in two weeks on a lecturing tour, making Chicago his headquarters. It is understood that the faculty of the seminary objected to Prof. Lloyd's too literal analysis of the Scriptures, a trait that brought him into trouble in the California Avenue Congregational Church in Chicago before he came out here.

Well-known Southern Preacher Rev.

NEW ORLEANS, May 5.—The Rev. Dr. R. H. Palmer, the head of the Southern Presbyterian Church, and one of the most eloquent preachers in the country, was knocked down by a street car this morning at the corner of St. Charles avenue and Webster street. One leg was fractured. His foot was crushed and the toes cut off. He recovered consciousness to-night. Because of his great age, 83, his chance of recovery is slight.

Found Drowned in Kenosha Reservoir.

The body of a middle-aged, well-dressed man was found yesterday in the upper part of the Kenosha reservoir, from which the Bronx draws a large part of its water supply. He had been in the water several weeks. The clothing was of good quality but badly torn. Nobody in that vicinity has been reported missing. Coroner Russell of Tarrytown will hold an inquest today.

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TURKISH CIGARETTES
stand to-day where they have stood every day for the last twenty years—as the best 10 cent TURKISH cigarette for sale in this country.
10 cents for 10 cigarettes
Monopol Tobacco Works,
250 West 27th Street, N. Y. City

SLAPS AT MAULIFFE IDENTIFIER

He Must Have Seen the Helpless Mauliffe a Week After He Died.

Justice Mayer held another session of the John Doe inquiry yesterday into the death of James Mauliffe, the Glenn witness.

Richter, the Eighth avenue haker, for whom Stephen Velten, the newest accuser of Detective Sergeant Kierman, used to work, testified that it was on Feb. 23 that Velten went to the bakery to get his clothes and tools. He fixed the date, Richter said, by a summons which Velten had served on him in the matter of settlement of their financial relations.

Velten testified that it was on Feb. 19 that he went to Richter's for his clothes and tools. On his way he passed the West Forty-seventh street station, he says, and saw a helpless man being put into a cab.

Other witnesses contradicted statements of Identifier Sergeant Kierman. Brown of the West Forty-seventh street station testified that Kierman was not in the station from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. on the day Mauliffe was found, so far as his memory served him. As Kierman was not then attached to the station, his comings and goings would not be a matter of record.

TWO POLICY RAIDS.